

# Covalent Chemistry Platform for Diagnostics and Drug Discovery



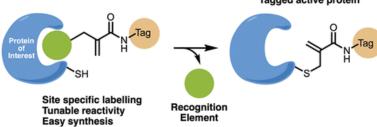


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CoLDR (Covalent Ligand-Directed Release) chemistry enables sitespecific covalent labeling and activation of endogenous proteins using small-molecule covalent ligands. Upon binding to a target cysteine, the directing ligand is released and a functional cargo, such as a drug, fluorophore, degrader, or affinity tag, is installed while maintaining the protein's native activity. This versatile platform provides precise chemical control for targeted drug activation, imaging, and protein manipulation in live cells without genetic modification.

# Protein of interest Late stage functionalization Additional optimization vector Targeted covalent inhibitor Improved potency Improved selectivity Tagged active protein

CoLDR: Covalent Ligand Directed Release



# **APPLICATIONS**

- Targeted prodrug activation in cancer and inflammatory diseases
- Drug and probe delivery with selective activation in target-expressing cells
- High-throughput screening using CoLDR-based luminescent or fluorescent probes
- Proximity-inducing therapeutics, including PROTACs, PHICs, and molecular glues
- Combinatorial or synthetic-lethal drug release strategies

# **DEVELOPMENT STAGE**

Proof-of-concept shown *in vitro*, in cells, and *in vivo*.

CoLDR probes selectively label target proteins with fluorescent, alkyne, or luminescent tags, enabling visualization and tracking while preserving activity.

### DIFFERENTIATION



Target-activated release: cargo released only upon covalent binding



Tunable and modular: adaptable chemistry and broad range of cargos



Activity preserved: enables functional labeling without inhibiting proteins



Broad scope: demonstrated on >10 proteins including BTK, KRAS-G12C, EGFR and more

## **REFERENCES**

- Reddi RN et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., March 2021
- Reddi RN et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., Nov. 2021
- Reddi RN et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., Feb. 2023